Appendix A Data Collection Sheets

Appendix A includes:

- A.1 Workplace Practices Questionnaire
- A.2 Observer Data Sheet
- A.3 Facility Background Information Sheet
- A.4 Supplier Data Sheet

A.1 Workplace Practices Questionnaire



WORKPLACE PRACTICES QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE MAKING HOLES CONDUCTIVE PROCESS

DESIGN FOR THE ENVIRONMENT (DfE) PRINTED WIRING BOARD PROJECT

This document is prepared by the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies in Partnership with U.S. EPA Design for the Environment (DfE) Program, IPC, PWB manufacturers, and other DfE Partners

March 1995

*Note: This survey is <u>not</u> as long as it looks since you will only complete a part of it. This survey has 7 sections; however, we ask you to complete only sections 1,2,3 and the section that pertains to <u>your</u> making holes conductive (MHC) process.

WORKPLACE PRACTICES QUESTIONNAIRE FOR THE MAKING HOLES CONDUCTIVE PROCESS

Design for the Environment Project

PLEASE RETURN BY FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1995 TO: IPC - ATTN: STAR SUMMERFIELD, 7380 N. LINCOLN AVENUE, LINCOLNWOOD, IL 60646-1705

DO NOT COMPLETE ALL SECTIONS OF THE QUESTIONNAIRE. The following explains which sections you should complete based on the type of making holes conductive (MHC) process used at your facility, provides background information on the questionnaire, and describes how the data will be handled to ensure confidentiality.

- 1. This questionnaire was prepared by the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies in partnership with the EPA DfE Program, IPC, PWB manufacturers, and other members of the DfE PWB Industry Project.
- 2. For the purposes of this survey and the DfE Project, the "Making Holes Conductive (MHC)" process is defined as beginning after the desmear and etchback steps and ending prior to the dry film resist outer layer step (if required) and copper electroplating step.
- 3. Shaded sections of the questionnaire denote areas where responses to questions should be entered. Unshaded sections are instructions or keys required to answer the question.
- 4. Throughout the questionnaire, many questions request specific data, such as chemical volumes, the amount of water consumed by the MHC line or the characteristics of wastewater from the MHC line. If specific data are not readily available, estimates based on your knowledge of the process and the facility, are adequate. In cases where no data are available and there is no basis for an accurate estimate, mark your response as "ND."
- 5. Please complete Sections 1 through 3 of the questionnaire, regardless of which process is used at your facility to make drilled through-holes conductive prior to electroplating.
- 6. After completing Sections 1 through 3, please complete only the section(s) of the survey that corresponds to the MHC process(es) currently being operated at your facility, as listed below.

Electroless Copper	Section 4
Graphite-based	Section 5
Carbon-based	Section 6
Palladium-based	Section 7

If the MHC process used at your facility is not listed, you have completed the questionnaire.

- 7. If your responses do not fit in the spaces provided, please photocopy the section to provide more space or use ordinary paper and mark the response with the section number to which it applies.
- 8. Appendix A contains the definitions of certain terms and acronyms used in the survey form.

9. **Confidentiality**

All information and data entered into this survey form are confidential. The sources of responses will not be known by IPC, University of Tennessee, EPA, or other project participants. Any use or publication of the data will not identify the names or locations of the respondent companies or the individuals completing the forms.

Please use the following procedures to ensure confidentiality:

- (1) Compete the survey form. Make a copy of the completed form and retain it for your records.
- (2) Separate the facility and contact information page of the survey form from the remainder of the form. Place the facility and contact information into Envelope # 1 and seal the envelope.
- (3) Place the remainder of the survey form plus any additional sheets or exposure monitoring data into Envelope # 2 and seal it.
- (4) Place sealed envelopes # 1 and # 2 into the larger return envelope and mail it to IPC.
- (5) When the package is received by IPC, only Envelope # 1 will be opened. IPC will place a code number on the outside of Envelope # 2 and forward it to the Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies at the University of Tennessee. Envelope # 1 will not be sent to the University of Tennessee.
- (6) Questions, clarifications, or requests for further information from the University of Tennessee will be relayed by code number to IPC, who will be able to contact the respondent. When it is determined that no further communications with respondents are necessary, the matrix of code numbers and respondents will be destroyed by IPC.
- 10. If you have any questions regarding the survey form, please contact Jack Geibig of the University of Tennessee Center for Clean Products and Clean Technologies at 615-974-6513 (e-mail: JGEIBIG@UTKVX.UTK.EDU).

PLEASE RETURN BY FRIDAY, MARCH 31, 1995 TO: IPC - ATTN: STAR SUMMERFIELD, 7380 N. LINCOLN AVENUE, LINCOLNWOOD, IL 60646-1705 (PH: 708-677-2850 EXT. 347; FAX: 708-677-9570)

Section 1. Facility Characterization

Estimate manufacturing data for the previous 12 month period or other convenient time period of 12 consecutive months (e.g., FY94). Only consider the portion of the facility dedicated to PWB manufacturing when entering employee and facility size data.

1.1 General Information

Size of portion of facility used for manufacturing PWBs:	sq.ft.	Number of days MHC line is in operation:	days/yr
Number of full-time equivalent employees (FTEs):		Total PWB panel sq. footage processed by the MHC process:	sq.ft./yr
Number of employee work days per year:	days/yr		

1.2 Facility Type

Type of PWB manufacturing facility (check one)	Independent		OEM	
------------------------------------------------	-------------	--	-----	--

1.3 Process Type

Estimate the percentage of PWBs manufactured at your facility using the following methods for making holes conductive (MHC). Specify "other" entry.

Standard electroless copper	%
Palladium-based system	%
Carbon-based system	%
Graphite-based system	%
Electroless nickel	%
Other:	%
TOTAL	100%

1.4 General Process Line Data

Process Data		Shift		
	1	2	3	4
Number of hours per shift:				
Numbers of hours the MHC line is in operation per shift:				
Average square feet of PWB panel processed by the MHC line per shift:				

1.5 Process Area Employees

Complete the following table by indicating the number of employees of each type that perform work duties in the same process room as the MHC line for each shift and for what length of time. Report the number of hours per employee by either the month or the shift, whichever is appropriate for the worker category. Consider only workers who have regularly scheduled responsibilities physically within the process room. Specify "other" entry.

Type of Process Area Worker	Num		Emplo Shift	yees	Hours per Shift per Employee	Hours per Month per Employee
	1	2	3	4	in Process Area (first shift)	in Process Area (first shift)
Line Operators					Hrs	Hrs
Lab Technicians					Hrs	Hrs
Maintenance Workers					Hrs	Hrs
Wastewater Treatment Operators					Hrs	Hrs
Supervisory Personnel					Hrs	Hrs
Contract workers					Hrs	Hrs
Other:					Hrs	Hrs
Other:					Hrs	Hrs

Section 2. General Process Data

The information in this section will be used to identify the physical parameters of the process equipment as well as any operating conditions common to the entire process line.

2.1 Process Parameters

s i ai ametei s	
MHC process line dimensions Length:	ft.
Width:	ft.
Average time for panel to complete process:	min.
Size of the room containing the process:	sq.ft.
Temperature of the process room:	°F
Is the process area ventilated (circle one)?	Yes No
Air flow rate:	cu.ft./min.
Type of ventilation? (Check one) general	local

2.2 General Water Usage

Amount of water used by the MHC process line when operating:	gal./day
--------------------------------------------------------------	----------

2.3 Wastewater Characterization

Estimate the average and maximum values for the wastewater from the making holes conductive line.

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Flow	gpm	gpm
TDS	mg/l	mg/l
pН		
Cu	mg/l	mg/l

	AVERAGE	MAXIMUM
Pd	mg/l	mg/l
Sn	mg/l	mg/l
TSS	mg/l	mg/l
TTO	mg/l	mg/l

2.4 Wastewater Discharge and Sludge Data

Wastewater discharge type (check one) Direct		Indirect	Zero	Methods of Sludge
Annual quantity of sludge generated:				Recycle/Disposal
Percent solids of sludge				[R] - Metals reclaime[D] - Stabilized and
Percentage of total quantity generated by the MHC I	rocess:			landfilled
Method of sludge recycle/disposal (see key at right)				[O] - Other

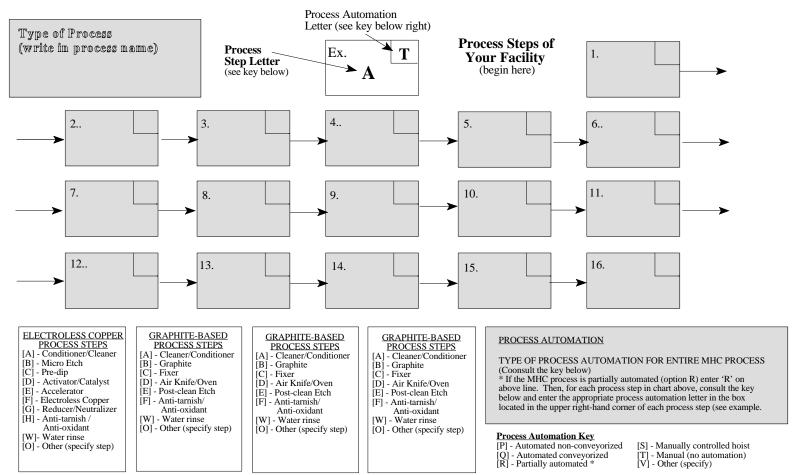
2.5 Panel Rack Specifications - (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

		o process omy	veyorized milic	ack opecifications (non con-	
		Average number of panels per rack:			
in.		n panels in rack:	ige space between	Avera	
in.	Width	in.	Length	Average size of panel in rack:	

Section 3. Process Description

3.1 Process Schematic

Fill in the table below by identifying what type of making holes conductive process (e.g., electroless copper) your facility uses. Then, using the proper key at the bottom of the page, identify which letter corresponds with the first step in your process and write that letter in the first box (see example). Continue using the key to fill in boxes for each step in your process until your entire making holes conductive process is represented. If your process is not represented by a key below, complete the chart by writing in the name of each process step in your particular making holes conductive line. Finally, consult the process automation key at bottom right and enter the appropriate type of automation for the MHC process line. If the process is partially automated, enter the appropriate process automation letter for each step in the upper right-hand corner box (see example.



3.2 Rinse Bath Water Usage

Consult the process schematic in Section 3.1 to obtain the process step numbers associated with each of the water rinse baths present. Enter, in the table below, the process step number along with the flow control and flow rate data requested for each water rinse bath. If the water rinse bath is part of a cascade, you need only report the daily water flow rate of one bath in the cascade.

Process Step Number ^a	Flow Control ^b	Daily Water Flow Rate ^c	Cascade Water Process Steps ^d
		gal./day	

^a **Process Step Number** - Consult the process schematic in question 4.1 and enter the process step number of the specific water rinse tank.

Flow Control Methods Key

- [C] Conductivity meter
- [P] PH meter
- [V] Operator control valve
- [R] Flow restricter
- [N] None (continuous flow)
- [O] Other (explain)

3.3 Rack Cleaning - (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

Complete the following section by using the keys to the right of the table to identify the rack cleaning process used.

Frequency of cleaning:		
Number of personnel involved:		
Personal protective equipment (see key at right):		
Rack cleaning method used (see key at right):		
*If the above answer is [C], also enter the process step number from the process schematic (section 3.1) and do not complete section 3.4 below.		
Average time required to chemically clean rack (if applicable):	min	1.
Cleaning schedule (see key at right):		
Is rack cleaning attended (circle one)	Yes No	C

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [A] Apron [B] - Boots
- [Z] All except Respiratory protection
- [N] None

Rack Cleaning Methods Key

- [C] Chemical bath on making holes conductive line
- [D] Chemical bath on another line
- [T] Temporary chemical bath
- S] Manual scrubbing with chemical
- M] Non-chemical cleaning
- [N] None

Rack Cleaning Schedule

- [A] After hours
- [L] During operating hours in MHC process room
- [M] During operating hours outside MHC process room

^b **Flow Control** - Consult key at right and enter the letter for the flow control method used for that specific rinse bath.

^c Daily Water Flow Rate - Enter the average daily flow rate for the specific water rinse tank. ^d Cascade Water Process Steps - Enter the process step number for each water rinse tank in

^d Cascade Water Process Steps - Enter the process step number for each water rinse tank in cascade with the present tank.

3.4 Rack Cleaning Chemical Composition (non-conveyorized MHC process only)

Chemical Name	Conc.	Volume
		gal.
		gal.
		gal.

3.5 Conveyor Equipment Cleaning

Complete the following table on conveyorized equipment cleaning in the MHC process line by providing the information requested for each cleaning operation performed. If more space is needed or more than two cleaning operations occur,

Equipment Cleaning Data	Cleaning Operation No. 1	Cleaning Operation No. 2	Personal Protective
Description of cleaning operation: (briefly describe equip. cleaned)			Equipment Key [E] - Eye protection [G] - Gloves
Process steps affected ^a			[L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron [B] - Respiratory protection
Frequency of cleaning:			[R] - Respiratory protection[B] - boots[Z] - All except Respiratory
Duration of cleaning:	min.	min.	protection [N] - None
Number of personnel involved:			Conveyor Cleaning
Personal protective equipment (see key at right):			Methods Key [C] - Chemical rinsing or soakin [S] - Manual scrubbing with
Cleaning method used (see key at right):			chemical [M] - Non-chemical cleaning
Cleaning chemical used ^b			[N] - None

^a Process Steps Affected - Consult the process schematic from section 4.1 and enter the process step numbers of the specific steps affected by the cleaning operation.

3.6 Filter Replacement

Complete the following table on filter replacement in the MHC process line by providing the information requested for each set of filters replaced.

Replacement Information	Filter Assembly No. 1	Filter Assembly No. 2	Filter Assembly No. 3
Bath filtered (enter process step from 3.1):			
Frequency of replacement:			
Duration of replacement:	min.	min.	min.
Number of personnel involved:			
Personal protective equipment (see key below):			
Type of filter (see key below):			
Number of filters changed in assembly:			
Area of filter:	sq. in.	sq. in.	sq. in.

Personal Protective Equipment Key

[G] - Gloves

Filter Type Key [B] - Bag Filter

[E] - Eye protection [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment

[A] - Apron

[O] - Other (specify)

[R] - Respiratory protection

[B] - Boots

[N] - None

b Cleaning Chemical Used - Enter the name of the chemical or chemical product (or bath type, if applicable) used in the specific cleaning operation.

[[]Z] - All except respiratory protection

3.7 Process History

Complete the table below by indicating what making holes conductive process(es) your facility has employed in the past. Briefly explain the reasons for the process change and summarize how the change has had an affect upon production.

FORMER MAKING HOLES	DATE OF
CONDUCTIVE PROCESS	CHANGE TO
CONDUCTIVETROCESS	
	CURRENT
	PROCESS
ELECTROLESS COPPER	
PALLADIUM-BASED	
I ALLADIUM-DASED	
GRAPHITE-BASED	
CARBON-BASED	
CARDON-DASED	
COPPER SEED	
ELECTROLESS MICKEL	
ELECTROLESS NICKEL	
OTHER (see a sife.)	
OTHER (specify)	

REA	REASONS FOR CHANGE AND RESULTS					
Reason (see key)		Result (see key)				
	Water Consumption					
	Process Cycle-time					
	Cost					
	Worker Exposure					
	Performance					
	Customer Acceptance					
	Product Quality					
	Process Maintenance					
	Other:					
	Other:					
	Other:					

Reasons
[X] - Mark all of the selections that apply

Results of Change

[B] - Better

[W] - Worse

[N] - No change

The remainder of the survey is dedicated to questions that are strictly specific to the type of making holes conductive process operated at your facility. You should complete only the section(s) of the survey that corresponds to the MHC process(es) that is currently being operated.

Select the making holes conductive process(es) that your facility currently operates and complete only the section(s) listed. If your process is not listed, then you have completed the questionnaire.

Electroless Copper Section 4 (pgs. 9-17) Graphite-Based..... Section 5 (pgs. 19-26) Carbon-Based..... Section 6 (pgs. 27-34) Palladium-Based.... Section 7 (pgs. 35-43)

Section 4. Electroless Copper Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the electroless copper process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses an electroless copper process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

4.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPI	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION ^a (seconds)	DRIP TIME ^b (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION ^c	VAPOR CONTROL ^d
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
MICRO-ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
PRE-DIP	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACCELERATOR	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ELECTROLESS COPPER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

Agitation Methods Kev

- [P] Panel agitation
- [F] Fluid circulation pump
- [A] Air sparge
- [O] Other (explain)

Vapor Control Methods Kev

- [P] Push-Pull
- [C] Bath cover (when not in use)
- [B] Plastic balls (floating)
- [E] Fully enclosed
- [O] Other (explain)

b Drip Time - Eenter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

e Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

d Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical bath.

4.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	
CLEANER/	1.					
CONDITIONED	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
MICRO-ETCH	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
PRE-DIP	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ACTIVATOR/	1.					
CATALYST	2.					
CATALISI	3.					
	4.					
ACCELERATOR	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4					

^a Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

4.2 Initial Chemical Bath make-Up Composition - CONTINUED

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	ANNUAL QTY. USED ^c (gallons)
ELECTROLESS	1.					
COPPER	2.					
COTTEX	3.					
	4.					
REDUCER/	1.					
NEUTRALIZER	2.					
TVECTIVIEZEK	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

^a **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

4.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing treating and disposing of a spent chemical bath

	Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.							
BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT ^a	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^d	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED ^f	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER								
MICRO-ETCH								
PRE-DIP								
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST								
ACCELERATOR								
ELECTROLESS COPPER								
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

^a Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] - Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

Personal Protective Equipment

- [G] Gloves [E] - Eve protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron
 - [B] Boots
- [R] Respiratory protection [Z] - All except respiratory
 - protection
- [N] None

^b **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^c **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

^d **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of **all** the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

^e **Methods of Treatment or Disposal** - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

f Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

4.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS ^a		

REMOVAL	OF SPENT BATH	CLEANING OF EQUIPMENT			NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:		Tank Cleaning Method	Chemical flush:		Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:		Stock into Container	Pour:
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):			Scoop (solid):
	Other (specify):						Other (specify):
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:			ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH		Container Type	Open-top container:
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year	r		Closed-top container:
	To open-top container:						Safety container:
	To closed-top container:						Other (specify):

^a Type of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each bath type, enter 'ALL.'

4.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF	FREQUENCY ^b	DURATION OF	NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
DAIIITIE	SAMPLING ^a	TREQUENCI	SAMPLING ^c	PEOPLE ^d	EQUIPMENT ^e
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
MICRO-ETCH			min.		
PRE-DIP			min.		
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST			min.		
ACCELERATOR			min.		
ELECTROLESS COPPER			min.		
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

^a **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

Type of Sampling Key

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

Personal Protective Equipment Key

[E] - Eye protection	[G] - Glove
[L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment	[A] - Apron
[R] - Respiratory protection	[B] - Boots
[Z] - All except respiratory	[N] - None
protection	

4.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

^c **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

^d **Number of People** - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

^e **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

4.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
			VOLUME			ADDITION	OF		PROTECTIVE
			ADDED ^a			METHOD ^d	ADDITION ^e		EQUIPMENT ^f
							(minutes)		
CLEANER/	1.								
CONDITIONER	2.								
CONDITIONER	3.								
	4.						min.		
MICRO-ETCH	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
PRE-DIP	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
ACTIVATOR/	1.								
CATALYST	2.								
CATALISI	3.								
	4.						min.		

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

<u>Chemical Addition</u> <u>Method Key</u> [A] - Automatic *

[A] - Automatic

* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory Protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

^e **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^d **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

^e **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

4.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED		CONCENTRATION b	FREQUENCY °				PERSONAL
			VOLUME ADDED ^a			ADDITION METHOD d	OF ADDITION ^e	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^f
			ADDED			METHOD	(minutes)		EQUINENT
ACCELERATOR	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
ELECTROLESS	1.								
COPPER	2.								
COLLEK	3.								
	4.						min.		
REDUCER/	1.								
NEUTRALIZER	2.								
LECTRILLER	3.								
	4.						min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

Average Volume Added - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).
 Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.
 Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).
 Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that creatific bath.

Chemical Addition Method Key [A] - Automatic *

[M] - Manual

* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key [E] - Eye protection [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [R] - Respiratory protection

- [Z] All except respiratory protection [G] - Gloves
- [A] Apron [B] Boots
- [N] None

that specific bath.

e Duration of Addition - enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment

worn by the people physically making the addition.

4.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

4.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY (describe)	FREQUENCY ^a	DURATION OF ACTIVITY ^b	NO. OF PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^c
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
MICRO-ETCH					
PRE-DIP					
ACTIVATOR/ CATALYST					
ACCELERATOR					
ELECTROLESS COPPER					
REDUCER/ NEUTRALIZER					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

^c Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

Section 5. Graphite-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the graphite-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a graphite-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

5.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESSI	ING DATA	OPF	OPERATING CONDI		
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION ^a (seconds)	DRIP TIME ^b (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION ^c	VAPOR CONTROL ^d	
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
GRAPHITE	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
FIXER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
POST-CLEAN ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F			

^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

^d Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

Agitation Methods Key	Vapor Control Methods Key
[P] - Panel agitation	[P] - Push-Pull
[F] - Fluid circulation pump	[C] - Bath cover (when not in use)
[A] - Air sparge	[B] - Plastic balls (floating)

[O] - Other (explain) [E] - Fully enclosed [O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP					
Air pressure:		psi.			
Air temperature		°F			
Processing time per panel		min.			
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes	No			

^b **Drip Time** - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

^c Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

5.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a	CONCENTRATION ^b	ANNUAL QTY. USED ^c
				(gallons)		(gallons)
CLEANER/	1.					
	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
GRAPHITE	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
FIXER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
POST-CLEAN	1.					
	2.					
ЕТСН	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
	2.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.					
	4					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
(- F J)	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

^a **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c Annual Quantity Used: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

5.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT ^a	FREQUENCY ^b	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT ^d	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED ^f	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^o
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER						OR DISPOSAL*	DISPOSED	OK DISPOSAL
GRAPHITE								
FIXER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

^a Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment [C] Chemical testing
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

Personal Protective Equipment

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None
 - protection

^b **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^c **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

^d **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

 $^{^{\}mathrm{e}}$ Methods of Treatment or Disposal - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

^f Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

5.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

REMOVAL OF SPENT BATH			CLEANING (OF EQUIPMENT	NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:		Tank Cleaning Method	Chemical flush:	Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:	
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:	Stock into Container	Pour:	
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):		Scoop (solid):	
	Other (specify):					Other (specify):	
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:	CHEMICALS USED IN CHEMICAL FLUSH		Container Type	Open-top container:		
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Year		Closed-top container:	
	To open-top container:					Safety container:	
	To closed-top container:					Other (specify):	

^a Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each bath type, enter 'ALL.'

5.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING ^a	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE ^d	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^e
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
GRAPHITE			min.		
FIXER			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

^a **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

Type of Sampling Key

protection

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

Personal Protective Equipment Key

[E] - Eye protection [G] - Gloves [L] - Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] - Apron [R] - Respiratory protection [B] - Boots [Z] - All except respiratory [N] - None

5.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

^c **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

Number of People - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

e Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

5.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
		ı	VOLUME			ADDITION	OF	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE
		ı	ADDED ^a			METHOD d	ADDITION e		EQUIPMENT^f
							(minutes)		
CLEANER/	1.								
CONDITIONER	2.								
CONDITION LIK	3.								
	4.						min.		
GRAPHITE	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
FIXER	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		
POST-CLEAN	1.								
ЕТСН	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

<u>Chemical Addition</u> <u>Method Key</u> [A] - Automatic *

[M] - Manual

* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

^c **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^d **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

[•] **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

5.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY ^c	CHEMICAL	DURATION	NO. OF	PERSONAL
			VOLUME			ADDITION	OF	PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE
			ADDED ^a			METHOD ^d	ADDITION ^e		EQUIPMENT ^f
							(minutes)		
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.								
ANTI-OXIDANI	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

Chemical Addition Method Key

[A] - Automatic *

[M] - Manual

*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

^e **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^d **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

^e **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

5.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
e G. 1 · .	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

5.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY a		NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
	(describe)		OF	PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT °
			ACTIVITY ^b		
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
GRAPHITE					
FIXER					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)
 Duration of Activity - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

^c Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

Section 6. Carbon-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the carbon-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a carbon-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

6.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН	Pl	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPI	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION ^a (seconds)	DRIP TIME ^b (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION ^c	VAPOR CONTROL ^d
CLEANER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CARBON	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
POST-CLEAN ETCH	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

^a **Immersion Time** - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

^d **Vapor Control** - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

Agitation Methods Key	Vapor Control Methods Key
[P] - Panel Agitation	[P] - Push-Pull
[F] - Fluid Circulation Pump	[C] - Bath cover (when not in use

[C] - Bath cover (when not in use [A] -Air Sparge [B] - Plastic Balls (floating) [O] - Other (explain) [E] - Fully Enclosed

[E] - Fully Enclosed [O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP		
Air pressure:		psi.
Air temperature		°F
Processing time per panel		min.
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes	No

^b **Drip Time** - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

^c **Agitation** - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

6.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a (gallons)	CONCENTRATION b	ANNUAL QTY. USED ^c (gallons)
CLEANER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
CONDITIONER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
CARBON	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
POST-CLEAN	1.					
	2.					
ЕТСН	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
A NUMBER OF A	2.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.					
	4					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

^a **Working Volume**: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c Annual Quantity Used: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

6.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT ^a	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^d	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED ^f	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c
CLEANER						ON DIGITORIES	DISTORE	DIST GOVE
CONDITIONER								
CARBON								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

^a **Criteria for Replacement** - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)

Personal Protective Equipment

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory Protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^c **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

^d **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

^e **Methods of Treatment or Disposal** - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

 $^{^{\}mathbf{f}}$ Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

6.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS ^a		

REMOVAL (OF SPENT BATH	CLEANING (OF EQUIPMENT	NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:	Tank Cleaning Method		Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:	
	Siphon:		Hand scrub:	Stock into Container	Pour:	
	Drain/spigot:		Other (specify):		Scoop (solid):	
	Other (specify):				Other (specify):	
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:		ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH	Container Type	Open-top container:	
	Directly to sewer:	Chemical	Gallons Per Year		Closed-top container:	
	To open-top container:				Safety container:	
	To closed-top container:				Other (specify):	

^a Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each both type, enter 'ALL.'

6.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab

chemical baths, not aut		· · · · ·		-	<i>3</i> /
BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING ^a	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE ^d	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^e
CLEANER			min.		
CONDITIONER			min.		
CARBON			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

^a **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

Type of Sampling Key

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manuals Sampling [N] - None

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

6.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

^b **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

^c **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

d Number of People - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

^e **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

6.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL	DURATION	
			VOLUME			ADDITION	OF	PROTECTIVE
			ADDED a			METHOD ^d	ADDITION ^e	EQUIPMENT f
							(minutes)	
CLEANER	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
CONDITIONER	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
CARBON	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
POST-CLEAN	1.							
ЕТСН	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

Chemical Addition Method Key [A] - Automatic * [M] - Manual

*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

^c **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^d **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

^e **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

6.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE VOLUME ADDED ^a	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY°	CHEMICAL ADDITION METHOD ^d		PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^f
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.						(,	
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.							
AMITOMIDAM	3.							
	4.						min.	
OTHER (specify)	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

^a Average Volume Added - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

Chemical Addition Method Kev

[A] - Automatic * [M] - Manual

* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Kev

- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

^c Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

d Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for

that specific bath.

e Duration of Addition - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

Personal Protective Equipment - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

6.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

6.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF ACTIVITY	FREQUENCY a		NO. OF	PROTECTIVE
	(describe)		OF	PEOPLE	EQUIPMENT ^c
			ACTIVITY ^b		
CLEANER					
CONDITIONER					
CARBON					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

^a **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

^c **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

Section 7. Palladium-Based Process

The information requested below will allow us to generate an exposure assessment and risk characterization profile for each of the following baths and the associated activities involved in the operation and upkeep of the palladium-based process.

NOTE: You need to complete this section only if your facility uses a palladium-based process for making the holes conductive during the PWB manufacturing process.

7.1 Physical, Process, and Operating Conditions

Complete the table below by entering the data requested for each specific type of chemical bath listed. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data

for a single tank only.

BATH	PI	HYSICAL DA	TA	PROCESS	ING DATA	OPF	ERATING COND	ITIONS
	LENGTH (inches)	WIDTH (inches)	NOMINAL VOLUME	IMMERSION ^a (seconds)	DRIP TIME ^b (seconds)	TEMP °F	AGITATION ^c	VAPOR CONTROL ^d
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
PRE-DIP	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
CATALYST	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ACCELERATOR	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
ENHANCER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		
OTHER (specify)	in.	in.	gal.	sec.	sec.	°F		

^a Immersion Time - Enter the average elapsed time a rack of panels is immersed in the specific process bath.

Agitation Methods Key P - Panel agitation

Vapor Control Methods Key P] - Push-Pull

[F] - Fluid circulation pump

[C] - Bath cover (when not in use)
[B] - Plastic balls (floating)

[A] - Air sparge

[E] - Fully enclosed

[O] - Other (explain)

[O] - Other (explain)

AIR KNIFE/OVEN PROCESS STEP						
Air pressure:	psi.					
Air temperature	°F					
Processing time per panel	min.					
Contained unit (circle one):	Yes No					

Drip Time - Enter the average elapsed time that a rack of panels is allowed to hang above the specific bath to allow chemical drainage from panels.

^c Agitation - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the agitation method used in the specific chemical bath.

^d Vapor Control - Consult key at right and enter the letter of the vapor control method used for that specific chemical.

7.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition

Complete the chart below for each chemical component of the bath type listed. Provide the manufacturer name if the chemical used is known only by trade name. If more room is needed, please attach another sheet with the additional information. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a (gallons)	CONCENTRATIONb	
CLEANER/	1.					
CONDITIONER	2.					
CONDITIONER	3.					
	4.					
PRE-DIP	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
PALLADIUM	1.					
CATALYST	2.					
CHINEIDI	3.					
	4.					
ACCELERATOR	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ENHANCER	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4					

^a Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

7.2 Initial Chemical Bath Make-Up Composition - CONTINUED

ВАТН		CHEMICAL NAME	MANUFACTURER (if applicable)	WORKING VOLUME ^a (gallons)	CONCENTRATION ^b	ANNUAL QTY. USED ^c (gallons)
POST-CLEAN	1.					
ЕТСН	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.					
ANTI-OXIDANT	2.					
	3.					
	4.					
OTHER (specify)	1.					
	2.					
	3.					
	4.					

^a Working Volume: Enter the volume of the chemical used in the initial make-up of the bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

b Concentration: Enter the concentration of the chemical in the working volume and specify units (e.g., molarity, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical used.

^c **Annual Quantity Used**: If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weight in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.).

7.3 Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the chart below by providing information on the process of replacing, treating, and disposing of a spent chemical bath.

BATH TYPE	CRITERIA FOR REPLACEMENT ^a	FREQUENCY	DURATION OF REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^d	ON-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c	ANNUAL VOLUME TREATED OR DISPOSED ^f	OFF-SITE METHOD OF TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL ^c
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER								
PRE-DIP								
PALLADIUM CATALYST								
ACCELERATOR								
ENHANCER								
POST-CLEAN ETCH								
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT								
OTHER (specify)								

^a Criteria for Replacement - Consult the key at right and enter the letter for the criteria typically used to determine when bath replacement is necessary.

On-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [P] Precipitation pretreatment on-site
- [N] PH neutralization pretreatment on-site
- [S] Disposed directly to sewer with no treatment
- [D] Drummed for off-site treatment or disposal
- [R] Recycled on-site
- [O] Other (specify)

Off-Site Method of Treatment or Disposal

- [R] Sent to recycle
- [P] Discharged to POTW
- [O] Other

Criteria for Bath Replacement

- [S] Statistical process control [T] Time
- [P] Panel sq. ft. processed [O] Other
- [C] Chemical testing (Specify)
- **Personal Protective Equipment**
- [E] Eye protection
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] -
- [Z] All except respiratory [N
 - protection

[G] - Gloves

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

^c **Duration of Replacement** - Enter the elapsed time from the beginning of bath removal until the replacement bath is finished.

^d **Personal Protective Equip.** - Consult key at right and enter the letters of <u>all</u> the protective equipment worn by the workers physically replacing the spent bath.

 $^{^{\}rm e}$ Methods of Treatment or Disposal - Consult keys at right and enter the letter of the method used.

f Annual Volume Treated or Disposed - Enter the yearly amount of the specific bath treated or disposed.

7.4 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Bath Replacement

Complete the table below by indicating the options your facility uses to replace each type of spent chemical bath. If the same options are used to replace each of the various chemical baths, enter "ALL" as the type of bath and fill out only one table. Otherwise, please photocopy and attach additional charts, as necessary.

TYPES OF BATHS a		

REMOVAL	REMOVAL OF SPENT BATH			OF EQUIPMENT		NEW BATH MAKE-UP		
Method of Removing Spent Bath	Pump:				Chemical Retrieval from	Pump:		
	Siphon:			Hand scrub:		Stock into Container	Pour:	
	Drain/spigot:			Other (specify):			Scoop (solid):	
	Other (specify):						Other (specify):	
Remove Spent Bath	Directly to wastewater treatment:			ALS USED IN CAL FLUSH		Container Type	Open-top container:	
	Directly to sewer:		Chemical	Gallons Per Yea	r		Closed-top container:	
	To open-top container:						Safety container:	
	To closed-top container:						Other (specify):	

^a Types of Baths - Enter the types of baths where the activities are used. If the chemical handling activities are the same for each both type, enter 'ALL.'

7.5 Chemical Bath Sampling

Provide information on the chemical bath sampling procedures used in your facility. Duration of sampling and personnel involved should include only the portion of the testing procedure involving the manual sampling of the chemical baths, not automated sampling or the testing that may occur in another part of the facility, such as the lab.

BATH TYPE	TYPE OF SAMPLING ^a	FREQUENCY b	DURATION OF SAMPLING ^c	NO. OF PEOPLE ^d	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^e
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER			min.		
PRE-DIP			min.		
PALLADIUM CATALYST			min.		
ACCELERATOR			min.		
ENHANCER			min.		
POST-CLEAN ETCH			min.		
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT			min.		
OTHER (specify)			min.		

^a **Type of Sampling** - Consult the key at right and enter the type of sampling performed on the specific chemical bath.

Type of Sampling Key

[A] - Automated sampling [B] - Both [M] - Manual sampling [N] - None

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection [G] Gloves
- [L] Labcoat/sleeved garment [A] Apron
- [R] Respiratory protection [B] Boots
- [Z] All except respiratory [N] None protection

7.6 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Sampling

Complete the table below by indicating what method your facility uses to manually collect bath samples and the type of container used.

Method of Obtaining Samples	Drain/Spigot:	
	Pipette:	
	Ladle:	
	Other (specify):	
Chemical Sample Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	

Frequency - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. processed between samples. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.).

^e **Duration of Sampling** - Enter the average time for manually taking a sample from the specific chemical tank. Consider only time spent at the chemical bath..

^d **Number of People** - Enter the number of people actually involved in manually taking the chemical samples. Exclude people doing the testing but not the sampling.

^e **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the chemical sampling.

7.7 Chemical Bath Additions

Complete the following chart detailing the typical chemical additions that are made to maintain the chemical balance of each specific process baths. If more than four chemicals are added to a specific bath, attach another sheet with the additional information. If chemical additions to a bath are made automatically, do not complete the last three columns for that bath. If two tanks of the same type are used within the process, list the data for a single tank only.

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED		CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY	CHEMICAL		
			VOLUME			ADDITION		PROTECTIVE
			ADDED ^a			METHOD d	ADDITION ^e	EQUIPMENT^f
							(minutes)	
CLEANER/	1.							
CONDITIONER	2.							
CONDITIONER	3.							
	4.						min.	
PRE-DIP	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	
PALLADIUM	1.							
C A TO A T X/C/TO	2.							
CATALYST	3.							
	4.						min.	
ACCELERATOR	1.							
	2.							
	3.							
	4.						min.	

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

<u>Chemical Addition</u> <u>Method Key</u> [A] - Automatic *

[M] - Manual

* If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- $[L] \hbox{ Labcoat/sleeved garment} \\$
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - Enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/liter, etc.) of the chemical in the volume being added.

^c **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.)

^d **Duration of Addition Method** - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

^e **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

7.7 Chemical Bath Additions - CONTINUED

BATH TYPE		CHEMICAL ADDED	AVERAGE VOLUME ADDED ^a	CONCENTRATION ^b	FREQUENCY	ADDITION		PEOPLE	PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT ^f
ENHANCER									
POST-CLEAN									
ЕТСН									
ANTI-TARNISH/	1.								
A NUME ON THE A NUME	2.								
ANTI-OXIDANT	3.								
	4.						min.		
OTHER (specify)	1.								
	2.								
	3.								
	4.						min.		

^a **Average Volume Added** - Enter the average volume in gallons of each chemical added to maintain the specific bath. If the amount of a particular chemical used is measured by weight (i.e., crystalline chemicals) instead of volume, enter the weights in pounds and clearly specify the units (lbs.)

Chemical Addition Method Key

[A] - Automatic *

[M] - Manual

*If additions are automatic [A] then do not complete the last 3 columns

Personal Protective Equipment Key

- [E] Eye protection
- $[L] \hbox{ Labcoat/sleeved garment} \\$
- [R] Respiratory protection
- [Z] All except respiratory protection
- [G] Gloves
- [A] Apron
- [B] Boots
- [N] None

^b Concentration - enter the concentration (e.g., molarity, volume %, grams/litre, etc.) Of the chemical in the volume being added.

^c **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of square feet processed between bath replacements. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, sq. ft., etc.).

d Duration of Addition Method - Consult key at right and enter the appropriate letter for the method used for that specific bath.

^e **Duration of Addition** - Enter the average elapsed time from the retrieval of the chemical stock through the completion of the addition of all chemicals.

^f **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key at right and enter the letters for all of the protective equipment worn by the people physically making the addition.

7.8 Chemical Handling Activities: Chemical Additions

Complete the following table by indicating the methods your facility uses while performing chemical additions.

ACTIVITY	OPTIONS	
Chemical Retrieval	Pump:	
	Pour:	
from Stock into	Scoop (solid):	
Container	Other (specify):	
Container	Open-top container:	
	Closed-top container:	
	Safety container:	
	Other (specify):	
Method of Chemical	Pour directly into tank:	
	Stir into tank:	
Addition	Pour into automated chemical addition system:	
	Other (specify):	

7.9 Other Bath Related Activities

Complete the following table for any other bath related activities that your facility engages in.

ВАТН ТҮРЕ	TYPE OF ACTIVITY (describe)	FREQUENCY a	DURATION OF ACTIVITY ^b	NO. OF PEOPLE	PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT °
CLEANER/ CONDITIONER					
PRE-DIP					
PALLADIUM CATALYST					
ACCELERATOR					
ENHANCER					
POST-CLEAN ETCH					
ANTI-TARNISH/ ANTI-OXIDANT					
OTHER (specify)					

^a **Frequency** - Enter the average amount of time elapsed or number of panel sq. ft. Processed since the last time the activity was performed. Clearly specify units (e.g., hours, square feet, etc.)

b **Duration of Activity** - Enter the average time for performing the specified activity. Clearly specify units.

^c **Personal Protective Equipment** - Consult key on the previous page and enter the letters for <u>all</u> protective equipment worn by the people performing the activity.

Definitions and Abbreviations

Direct discharge Wastewater discharge directly to a stream or river

Indirect discharge Wastewater discharge to a publicly owned treatment works (POTW)

Zero discharge No industrial wasteater discharge

Cu copper cu.ft. cubic feet

Design for the Environment

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

F fahrenheit ft. feet gal. gallons

gal./day gallons per day gallons per minute

hrs. hours lbs. pounds

MHC making holes conductive

min. minutes

mg/l milligrams per liter

OEM original equipment manufacturer

Pd palladium

PWB printed wiring board

sec. seconds sq.ft. square feet sq.in. square inch

Sn tin

TDS total dissolved solids
TSS total suspended solids
TTO total toxic organics

yr. year